

## **ABSTRACT**

The aim of this study was to research and develop a framework that can be used to assess the health effects of tourism on the locals. Qualitative approach was used as a method of Research approach in which a case study was a Research design. The study was involving a population from West Urban region of Unguja, Zanzibar, in which only 28 respondents were involved, this is because the study did apply purposive sampling in which 8 members from tourism ministry officers, 10 from security officers, and 10 from health officers. The methods of data collection that were used are Interviews, Observation and Questionnaire. The tool for data analysis that has been used in this study is Content Analysis. The study was aiming to validate that there is much correlation between tourism and health security of the locals. The study have provided further details on how tourism affects the health security of the locals and had suggested measures to be applied by tourism stakeholders in the region so as to minimize the effects.

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