

ABSTRACT

This study assessed the effect of illegal immigration on the National Security of Tanzania, a case of Arusha district. The research project has been organized in five chapters. The study presented the general overview of the issue of immigration, background of the study, research problem, research objectives, and research questions, significance of the study and the scope of the study. Also the part of literature review has been included containing the theoretical, empirical review and conceptual framework which show the relationship between the variables of the topic. It began with the definition of the operational terms. Followed by the theoretical framework that guided the study and lastly conceptual framework. On methodology, the study employed descriptive design and triangulation approach. The non-probability sampling technique was employed to obtain the sample size of 40 respondents who were police officers, migration officers and ordinary citizens. Data collection tools were questionnaire and interview as primary means and books, magazines and journals as secondary means. On data analysis and findings, content analysis was applied and carried out through SPSS as a simple tool. Lastly summary of the findings and conclusion. Where the government should work with NGO's to ensure that the immigrants gets identification and their welfare are well considered because some of migrants are potential for the host countries' economy.

