

## ABSTRACT

The aim of this study was to assess factors affecting maintenance of existing government primary schools' infrastructures in Moshi District as a case study. The main objective of the study was to identify barriers for maintenance of existing government primary schools' infrastructures in Moshi district in Kilimanjaro region, the specific objectives of the study was to assess barriers affecting the maintenance of existing government primary schools' infrastructures , to explore the advantages of maintenance of existing government primary schools' infrastructures and to propose alternative ways of maintenance of existing government primary schools' infrastructures. The study area was at Moshi District, Kilimanjaro. Both questionnaire, observation and interview were employed as a research approach during the data collection. In this study the researcher used a case study design because it allows employing different techniques during data collection. A total sample of 90 respondents responded to the study and the sample was optimum sample, an optimum sample is one which fulfills the requirements of efficiency, representativeness and reliability and flexibility. The sampling techniques used were random sampling and purposive which were important to get respondents who provide reliable and accurate information to the study. The data analysis procedure applied in the study were both quantitative (statistical analysis) and qualitative (content analysis) and those methods applied in analyzing and interpreting data according to the purpose of the study, and the findings show that Government and the community has great responsibility to the problem the researcher found. Generally, the study will help to solve some problems facing maintenance of existing government primary schools' infrastructures through suggestions that suggested by the researcher.

